## **CAUTI** Prevention

Presented by Ellaine Grimares BSN, RN and Dan O'Leary BSN, RN.



Who needs a Foley Catheter?

 Assess need by bladder scanning the patient first.
< 300 ml's Encourage fluid intake.
300-500 ml's encourage fluids if symptomatic straight cath. Re-scan within 4 hours if still no void. Repeat sooner if symptoms develop. If still no void after 2 straigt Caths within 12 hours place Foley with MD's order.

Catheter Necessity: 1. Acute urinary retention. 2. Periop use 3. Urine output monitoring. 4. Assistance with pressure ulcer healing.

4. > 500 ml's straight cath or insert Foley depending on Physician's order.

MD order for Foley verified with appropriate indication.

## **Documentation**

 Patient education q shift.
Perineal care in hygiene care group of the shift assessment.
Urine catheter LDA properties ie. placement date, time, size, type, disposition.
Urine Cath LDA group q 4 hours action, site assessment, dressing assessment, catheter urine color, characteristics, I/O urine cath, unobstructive flow, below bladder, off the floor, secured with stat lock, and cath care done.



When sending a urine culture from a foley notify ANM and check for a specimen already on hold in lab before collecting. **Insert catheter** • with sterile technique and use 2 RN'S. Review necessity daily and remove promptly.

Notify PCT's at begining of the shift who has Foley and the need for m-care wipes and special care. **Educate patient** and family on need for proper Foley care. Always use a securment device and keep the bag off the floor.